

Unit 1 **Name:** _____

Mark: ____/70

1 **Listen to a person talking about a party that went wrong. Complete the sentences.**

Annie has got two daughters.

- 1** _____ Annie while she was having dinner.
- 2** Greta _____ some friends and invited them to the house.
- 3** About _____ arrived at her house.
- 4** They broke things and made _____ in the house.
- 5** Greta _____ because the people wouldn't leave.
- 6** People find out about parties _____.
- 7** Annie was very upset because her best _____.

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2 **Read a text about Charles Dickens. Complete the sentences.**

Many people believe that Charles Dickens was the greatest English novelist of all time. He lived in the nineteenth century and wrote many novels and short stories. Most of his novels first appeared as weekly instalments in magazines. This kind of publishing was popular in the nineteenth century and Dickens was a master at it. More recently, directors have made films and TV series of his stories.

One of his most famous novels is *Oliver Twist*. It is the story of a young boy who spends the first nine years of his life at a baby farm (a place for orphans) and a workhouse. He is hungry and unhappy there and in the end he runs away to London. There he meets a boy called Jack Dawkins, who tricks him into joining a band of thieves. Most people know this story because the writer Lionel Bart made it into a popular musical and then the director Carol Reed made the musical into a very famous film which was shown all over the world.

David Copperfield is another very well-known Dickens story. It is partly based on the author's own life, and tells the story of a poor boy who has a hard childhood, but after many difficulties becomes a successful writer.

Great Expectations is another dramatic novel about a poor boy called Pip who becomes rich, not because he works hard, but because a mysterious person leaves him a lot of money. In the end, Pip loses his fortune but finds something more important.

Almost all of Dickens' novels take place during the nineteenth century. The exception is *A Tale of Two Cities*. This novel is about the French Revolution, which took place in the century before Dickens was born. It tells the story of two men who look exactly the same – a Frenchman and an Englishman. They both love the same girl, but the Frenchman is sent to prison. The Englishman takes his place there and dies so that the Frenchman can escape and marry the girl.

Dickens's novels and short stories appeared every week in magazines.

- 1** *Oliver Twist* _____ because he was unhappy.
- 2** *Oliver Twist* joined a group of _____.
- 3** At the end of the book, *David Copperfield* becomes _____.
- 4** *David Copperfield*'s life is similar in some ways to _____ life.
- 5** In *Great Expectations*, the hero receives _____ from a stranger.
- 6** *A Tale of Two Cities* is set in the _____ century.
- 7** *A Tale of Two Cities* is about two men during the _____.

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3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the past simple or past continuous.

While we were working in the garden, it started to rain. (work, start)

- 1 I _____ my room when my pet mouse _____ from its cage. (clean, escape)
- 2 My brother _____ his finger badly while he _____ his bike. (cut, repair)
- 3 When Tara _____ the spider, she _____. (see, scream)
- 4 He _____ the film, so he _____ before the end. (not enjoy, leave)
- 5 I _____ asleep when I _____ home on the bus. (fall, travel)
- 6 It _____, so we _____ out. (rain, not go)

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4 Use the words to write sentences and questions. Use the present perfect.

Steve / never / play / rugby

Steve has never played rugby.

- 1 we / have / our cat / eight years

- 2 I / just / tell / my friends / the great news

- 3 you / ever / have / a car accident?

- 4 Mary / not see / her grandparents / Christmas

- 5 you / finish / your homework?

- 6 the students / not have / a test / a long time

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5 Choose the correct answer.

When did you go / have you been to London?

- 1 Andy **texted** / **has texted** me twice since Saturday.
- 2 I **haven't seen** / **didn't see** my brother for ages.
- 3 We **all went** / **have all been** swimming yesterday.
- 4 Where **have you been** / **did you go** on holiday last year?
- 5 **Did you read** / **Have you read** any good books recently?
- 6 I **passed** / **'ve passed** my driving test two years ago.

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6 Complete the text. Use a, an, the or no article (0).

Hi Laura,

I'm on holiday by the sea. I'm staying in a town called Pembrey. (1) _____ town isn't very pretty, but there is (2) _____ fantastic beach for surfing. I went surfing yesterday and (3) _____ sea was warm. After that, I had (4) _____ ice-cream. It was (5) _____ biggest ice-cream I've ever eaten! Tomorrow, I'm going to have (6) _____ diving lesson. If I like it, I'll have some more.

See you soon,

Stephanie

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7 Complete the sentences. Choose from these words.

generous careful ~~cheerful~~ funny
handsome honest quiet

Sam is always happy. He's cheerful.

1 Melanie thinks cheating is terrible.
She's _____.

2 Sarah doesn't talk a lot.
She's _____.

3 Jim makes people laugh.
He's _____.

4 Joanna shares everything with her friends.
She's _____.

5 John is very good-looking.
He's _____.

6 Karen never does things without thinking.
She's _____.

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4 It won't work if it isn't p_____ in!



5 Oh no! The coin is j_____ in the slot.



6 We can't listen to the news if the radio isn't s_____ on!

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8 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.



A ball hit the window and it's cracked.



1 The key got stuck and now it's b_____.



2 I think the batteries are d_____.



3 Dad is a terrible cook! The sausages are b_____!

9 Choose the correct answer.

A There's something **wrong** / **bad** / **missing** with this hairdryer.

B I'm sorry about that.

1 A Would you like to exchange this hairdryer?

B No. Could I have a **cheque** / **receipt** / **refund**, please?

2 A What's the matter?

B I **broke** / **was breaking** / **'ve broken** this china cat.

3 A There's a problem with this computer. Look.

B Hmm. I see **that** / **what** / **how** you mean.

4 A What happened to the bullies who attacked that boy?

B They were **expelled** / **sent** / **left** from school.

5 A This mobile phone is cracked.

B Can I **take** / **make** / **give** a look at it?

6 A Why do you think Steve was a victim of bullying?

B Well, he's the youngest in the class and he's also a bit **well-built** / **overweight** / **gorgeous**.

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